Treasury Research Tel: 6530-8384



# Highlights

With the announcement of China's retaliation overnight that tariffs on 2,493 US products will be raise to between 5-25% from 1 June, the riskoff tone has submerged most financial markets. S&P500 saw its biggest decline in four months, while UST bonds rallied with the 10-year yield down to 2.39% (lowest since late March). President Trump had tweeted that "China should not retaliate - will only get worse" and hinted elsewhere that "there can be some retaliation, but it can't be very substantial". So it may be a matter of principle of facing off before Trump and Xi may actually meet at the sidelines of the G20 meeting on 28-29 June in Japan. Note the US Global Trade Representative's office also released a list of about US\$300b of Chinese imports yesterday that president Trump is threatening to lift 25% tariffs, with the public hearing scheduled for 17 June. Given that the list covers many agricultural, clothing, food items and school supplies, the impact on US consumer inflation would be something to watch for if it materialises. At this juncture, the stakes are being raised in the US-China trade war version 2.0, and Asian markets are likely to extend its risk-off tone this morning while watching for the RMB direction. The economic calendar comprises US' import prices, NFIB small business optimism and mortgage applications, Eurozone's industrial production and ZEW survey, German CPI, UK's jobless claims and ILO unemployment, and Japan's Eco Watchers survey. Fed's Williams, George and Daly, and ECB's Villeroy are speaking. The 3-month to 10-year bond yield curve inverted again amid the sabrerattling by US and China on trade. The 3-month LIBOR slipped further to 2.518% yesterday, the lowest since 25 October, while the LIBOR-OIS spread widened to 16.3bps. Interestingly, Eurodollar option market pricing for Fed rate cuts has risen for more than one 25bp cut this year. Fed rhetoric has SU been measured, with Rosengren saying that "most of the economic estimates are relatively modest for the GDP effects" and "we probably will not have a recession", but "to the extent we get sharp movements in financial markets that have wealth effects and other effects...it does become important how much the market reacts over time to the announcements of tariffs". UK PM May will meet her cabinet today to seek support for her Brexit plan Y even as cross-party talks have faltered. Meanwhile, the EU is also finalising a list of EUR20b of US goods to target with retaliatory tariffs in the event that US President Trump decides to impose Ы levies on car imports by 18 May, according to EU trade chief Malmstrom. China unveiled its retaliation measures last night with the tariff for \$60b US R products to be raised to 25%, 20% and 10% respectively. However, the new tariff will only take effect from 1 June, leaving room for the further negotiation. China's PBOC and MAS have renewed their Bilateral Currency Swap Arrangement (BCSA) for another three years to strengthen regional economic resilience and financial stability. Under the BSCA, both central banks access foreign currency liquidity to support trade and investment financing needs, SG including projects under the Belt and Road Initiative, and to stabilise financial markets. Up to CNY300 billion in Chinese Yuan liquidity will be available to eligible financial institutions operating in Singapore. The original arrangement was established in 2010 and renewed in 2013 and 2016.



### **Major Markets**

- **US:** Wall Street ended lower on Monday, with the S&P500 declining 2.4%. The DJIA fell 2.4%, and the Nasdaq composite tumbled 3.4%.
- **Singapore:** The STI declined 1.20% to close down at 3234.28 yesterday and may test the 3200 support handle this morning amid the risk aversion dominating market sentiments. Support and resistance are tipped at 3180 and 3240 for now. With the bull-steepening in the UST bond curve amid the escalating trade war story, and increasing conviction that the Fed may need to cut rate later this year if the trade war impacts US growth, the SGS bonds may also be better bid today on the flight to quality.
- **China:** Elsewhere, Premier Li Keqiang said yesterday in the conference that China will defend the bottom line of job stability. He also asks provinces with influx of migrant workers to prevent those workers from going back to home and create job opportunities for them should they lose jobs.

## • Commodities:

**Energy:** Crude oil prices continue to hold steady despite the decline in commodity prices in the agricultural and base metals space. Data yesterday showed that Russian oil production in early May finally complied with the OPEC+ agreement levels at 11.16m bpd. This is slightly less than the OPEC+ quota of 11.20m bpd agreed upon for the country. Russia continues to grapple with its contamination in its supplies and this may have been one of the key reasons for Russia's decreased crude oil production. The supply scene remains very tight, as we have repeatedly pointed out, and the production squeeze is holding up crude oil prices despite the ongoing US-China trade war.

**Gold:** The precious metal finally saw some volatility after trading in a muted range of \$1,270/oz to \$1,290/oz since the end of April, breaking above \$1,300/oz for the first time since end March. China's retaliation of tariffs on US goods provided the catalyst for gold to break out of its range. Headline news are likely to influence gold prices from here and if the White House issues tariffs on the remaining \$300bn of Chinese imports, we expect that gold may test its YTD high of almost \$1,350/oz.

#### Bond Market Updates

- Market Commentary: The SGD swap curve bull-flattened yesterday, with the shorter tenors trading 3bps lower while the belly and longer tenors traded 4-5bps lower. The Bloomberg Barclays Asia USD IG Bond Index average OAS was widened 1bps to 133bps while the Bloomberg Barclays Asia USD HY Bond Index average OAS widened 6bps to 488bps. 10Y UST yields fell 7bps to 2.40%, hitting a six-week low on the back of large safe-haven demand as China announced retaliatory measures on the tariff increase imposed by the US on Friday. Beijing plans to slap import tariffs ranging from 5% to 25% on 5,140 US products worth USD60bn, unsettling investors further over the sudden deterioration of negotiations between the US and China. Meanwhile, 10-year treasury yields fell below that of the 3-month treasury bills.
- **New Issues:** There was no new Asia dollar issuance over 13<sup>th</sup> May 2019.



## **Key Financial Indicators**

		-	кеу гіпа	nciai inu	icators			
Foreign Excha							Commodity	
	Day Close	% Change		Day Close	% Change	Index	Value	Net change
DXY	97.319	-0.01%	USD-SGD	1.3705	0.58%	DJIA	25,324.99	-617.38
USD-JPY	109.300	-0.59%	EUR-SGD	1.5380	0.50%	S&P	2,811.87	-69.53
EUR-USD	1.1222	-0.10%	JPY-SGD	1.2540	1.19%	Nasdaq	7,647.02	-269.92
AUD-USD	0.6944	-0.83%	GBP-SGD	1.7758	0.28%	Nikkei 225	21,191.28	-153.64
GBP-USD	1.2958	-0.31%	AUD-SGD	0.9516	-0.24%	STI	3,234.28	-39.22
USD-MYR	4.1645	0.17%	NZD-SGD	0.9000	0.08%	KLCI	1,601.09	-9.18
USD-CNY	6.8784	0.82%	CHF-SGD	1.3618	1.12%	JCI	6,135.40	-73.72
USD-IDR	14425	0.68%	SGD-MYR	3.0451	-0.19%	Baltic Dry	1,013.00	
USD-VND	23317	-0.10%	SGD-CNY	5.0187	0.21%	VIX	20.55	4.51
Interbank Offer Rates (%) Government Bond Yields (%)								s (%)
Tenor	EURIBOR	Change	Tenor	USD Libor	Change	Tenor	SGS (chg)	UST (chg)
1M	-0.3670		O/N	2.3564		2Y	1.92 (-0.02)	2.19 (-0.08)
2M	-0.3360		1 <b>M</b>	2.4490		5Y	1.95 (-0.04)	2.18 (-0.08)
3M	-0.3090		2M	2.4896		10Y	2.13 (-0.04)	2.40 (-0.07)
6M	-0.2310		3M	2.5279		15Y	2.38 (-0.03)	
9M	-0.1940		6M	2.5870		20Y	2.45 (-0.03)	
12M	-0.1180		12M	2.6934		30Y	2.63 (-0.02)	2.84 (-0.05)
Fed Rate Hike	Probability					Financial S	Spread (bps)	
Meeting	Prob Hike	Prob Cut	t 1.75-2%	2-2.25%	2.25-2.5%		Value	Change
06/19/2019	0.0%	15.8%	0.0%	15.8%	84.2%	EURIBOR-OIS	5.60	
07/31/2019	0.0%	30.1%	2.7%	27.4%	69.9%	TED	35.36	
09/18/2019	0.0%	53.7%	5 11.0%	41.7%	46.3%			
10/30/2019	0.0%	61.7%	16.3%	42.5%	38.3%	Secured O	Secured Overnight Fin. Rate	
12/11/2019	0.0%	75.5%	25.8%	41.0%	24.5%	SOFR	2.40	
01/29/2020	0.0%	79.4%	28.2%	38.4%	20.6%			
Commodities I	Futures							
Energy	uturoo	Fut	ures	% chq S	oft Commodities	3	Futures	% chg
WTI (per barrel	)	e	61.04	U	orn (per bushel)		3.4750	1.5%
Brent (per barrel)			70.23		oybean (per bush	el)	7.910	-0.8%
Heating Oil (per gallon)		2.	0384	-0.6% W	/heat (per bushel	)	4.3125	2.9%
Gasoline (per gallon)			9637		rude Palm Oil (M	,	1,927.0	0.4%
Natural Gas (per MMBtu)			6210		ubber (JPY/KG)		195.9	0.5%
Natural Gas (per MIMBtu)			0210	0.1% R			190.9	0.5%

. ,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Base Metals	Futures	% chg	Precious Metals	Futures	% chg
Copper (per mt)	6,011	-1.9%	Gold (per oz)	1,301.8	1.1%
Nickel (per mt)	11,786	-1.1%	Silver (per oz)	14.713	-0.1%

Source: Bloomberg, Reuters

(Note that rates are for reference only)

# **Economic Calendar**

Date Time		Event		Survey	Actual	Prior	Revised
05/14/2019 07:50	JN	BoP Current Account Balance	Mar P	¥3020.0b		¥2676.8b	
05/14/2019 07:50	JN	Trade Balance BoP Basis	Mar P	¥839.5b		¥489.2b	
05/14/2019 09:30	AU	NAB Business Conditions	Apr			7	
05/14/2019 09:30	AU	NAB Business Confidence	Apr			0	
05/14/2019 14:00	GE	CPI MoM	Apr F	1.00%		1.00%	
05/14/2019 14:00	GE	CPI YoY	Apr F	2.00%		2.00%	
05/14/2019 16:30	UK	Claimant Count Rate	Apr			3.00%	
05/14/2019 16:30	UK	Jobless Claims Change	Apr			28.3k	
05/14/2019 16:30	UK	ILO Unemployment Rate 3Mths	Mar	3.90%		3.90%	
05/14/2019 17:00	GE	ZEW Survey Current Situation	May	6.3		5.5	
05/14/2019 17:00	GE	ZEW Survey Expectations	May	5		3.1	
05/14/2019 20:30	US	Import Price Index MoM	Apr	0.70%		0.60%	
Source: Bloombe	erg						



OCBC Treasury Research				
Macro Research	Credit Research			
Selena Ling	Andrew Wong			
LingSSSelena@ocbc.com	WongVKAM@ocbc.com			
Emmanuel Ng	Ezien Hoo			
NgCYEmmanuel@ocbc.com	EzienHoo@ocbc.com			
Tommy Xie Dongming	Wong Hong Wei			
XieD@ocbc.com	WongHongWei@ocbc.com			
Terence Wu	Seow Zhi Qi			
TerenceWu@ocbc.com	ZhiQiSeow@ocbc.com			
Howie Lee				
HowieLee@ocbc.com				
Alan Lau				
AlanLau@ocbc.com				
1				

This publication is solely for information purposes only and may not be published, circulated, reproduced or distributed in whole or in part to any other person without our prior written consent. This publication should not be construed as an offer or solicitation for the subscription, purchase or sale of the securities/instruments mentioned herein. Any forecast on the economy, stock market, bond market and economic trends of the markets provided is not necessarily indicative of the future or likely performance of the securities/instruments. Whilst the information contained herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable and we have taken all reasonable care to ensure that the information contained in this publication is not untrue or misleading at the time of publication, we cannot guarantee and we make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness, and you should not act on it without first independently verifying its contents. The securities/instruments mentioned in this publication may not be suitable for investment by all investors. Any opinion or estimate contained in this report is subject to change without notice. We have not given any consideration to and we have not made any investigation of the investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of the recipient or any class of persons, and accordingly, no warranty whatsoever is given and no liability whatsoever is accepted for any loss arising whether directly or indirectly as a result of the recipient or any class of persons acting on such information or opinion or estimate. This publication may cover a wide range of topics and is not intended to be a comprehensive study or to provide any recommendation or advice on personal investing or financial planning. Accordingly, they should not be relied on or treated as a substitute for specific advice concerning individual situations. Please seek advice from a financial adviser regarding the suitability of any investment product taking into account your specific investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs before you make a commitment to purchase the investment product. OCBC Bank, its related companies, their respective directors and/or employees (collectively "Related Persons") may or might have in the future interests in the investment products or the issuers mentioned herein. Such interests include effecting transactions in such investment products, and providing broking, investment banking and other financial services to such issuers. OCBC Bank and its Related Persons may also be related to, and receive fees from, providers of such investment products.

This report is intended for your sole use and information. By accepting this report, you agree that you shall not share, communicate, distribute, deliver a copy of or otherwise disclose in any way all or any part of this report or any information contained herein (such report, part thereof and information, "Relevant Materials") to any person or entity (including, without limitation, any overseas office, affiliate, parent entity, subsidiary entity or related entity) (any such person or entity, a "Relevant Entity") in breach of any law, rule, regulation, guidance or similar. In particular, you agree not to share, communicate, distribute, deliver or otherwise disclose any Relevant Materials to any Relevant Entity that is subject to the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (2014/65/EU) ("MiFID") and the EU's Markets in Financial Instruments Regulation (600/2014) ("MiFIR") (together referred to as "MiFID II"), or any part thereof, as implemented in any jurisdiction. No member of the OCBC Group shall be liable or responsible for the compliance by you or any Relevant Entity with any law, rule, regulation, guidance or similar (including, without limitation, MiFID II, as implemented in any jurisdiction).

Co.Reg.no.:193200032W